# ATE 5800 Series Testpoint Relay Card (TPR)

# A passion for performance.



The Testpoint Relay card is the primary analog interface to the Unit Under Test (UUT).

- 192 Test channels
- Non-symmetrical bus structure
- Fast switching time
- · Fixture ground connectivity
- Guard amplifier
- General purpose attenuator

The TPR is the primary analog switching interface to the UUT. It routes from 4 global and/or 8 local analog busses to 192 testpoints via a matrix of fast switching relays. The board also contains a guard amplifier, fixture 0V isolation, configuration memory, trigger support and an EEPROM for storage of board specific information.

# **Module Functionality**

## Analog Routing

The four external global analog busses (backplane GANBx), the eight local analog busses (backplane LANB[L/R]x) and the first eight PXI local bus

lines (backplane PXI\_LB[R/L]x) are reduced to one internal, eight bit wide analog bus (IANB) using relays which also act as the internal/external isolation barrier.

The eight internal analog busses (IANBs) are then connected, via a relay matrix, to two further internal analog busses, one six (POLEA) and the other seven (POLEB) wide. For each bus, each bus component is then connected, via a relay, to a fixture interface output pin. This means for the six wide bus each bus component connects to 32 output pins whereas the seven wide bus each bus component connects to either 27 or 28 fixture interface outputs (3x28 + 4x27). Each fixture interface output therefore is attached to two relays, one from each of the internal busses POLEA and POLEB. See the diagram below for more details including the analog bus and analog bus ground connections.

Note: By making the (bus) path non-symmetrical it increases the chances of more than two pins (which are guaranteed) being successfully routed from the external analog busses to any particular pin on the fixture interface.



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The external global bus connects to the internal analog bus GANBx to IANBx for x=0 to 3 via an isolation relay.

The external local bus connects to the internal analog bus LANB[L/R]x to IANBx for x=0 to 7 via an isolation relay.

The external PXI local bus connects to the internal analog bus  $PXI_LB[L/R]x$  to IANBx for x=0 to 7 via an isolation relay.

The relay matrix's are 6x8 (48 relays) and 7x8 (56 relays) creating a full bus interconnect.

(The PXI analog bus connections are for selfcheck purposes only).

## Guard Amplifier

A general purpose guard amplifier is included, connected to the internal common bus (IANB) as follows:



# Attenuator

A general-purpose attenuator is included, connected to the internal common bus (IANB) as follows:



Note: The Rmon is a (logic) monitor point for test purposes. (See "Testability Features" for more details.)

# Fixture Grounding Pins

Eight pins are routed to ground from the fixture interface via a relay (4 double pole relays altogether). For testing purposes they are wired as follows:



Fixture Interface (Gx)

# **Testability Features**

There are two LEDs showing the presence of PXI + 3.3V and PXI VIO power.

The relay topology is such that a loop can be set up from the analog busses to test relays.

The fixture grounding relays can be tested via a relay to IANB0 or IANB1 which allows them to diagnose a short on the first failing relay (in the path from the IANB line – see the diagram above.)

A logic monitor point has been added to the midpoint of the attenuator. This inclusion is to enable a crude, self-contained, check to be made on the relay matrix. This point is pulled high via a 10kR resistor, it then is connected via a relay path to ground. If the path is made, then a low logic level is monitored, else a high is seen (a stuck open relay). If the first part is successful then the relays are opened to check the other mode of failure (stuck shut).

# **SPECIFICATION**

# ANALOG ROUTING PATH

#### Current switching

500 mA DC or AC pk resistive

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500 mA DC or AC pk resistive

#### Power switching

10 Watts

#### Resistance (ANB to fixture interface)

<500 mR

#### Operating time

300 uS

#### Release time

150 uS

#### Isolation

1E11R

#### Isolation voltage

100 V DC or 100V AC peak

#### Maximum current

500 mA

# **GROUND SIGNALS**

Current switching

2 A

# Power switching

60 W

# **GUARD AMPLIFIER**

#### Offset voltage

+/-1mV

#### Bias current

+/-10 nA

## Amplifier output

250 mA +/-10 V

#### Amplifier inputs+/-10V

Local feedback

100 kR

#### Input impedance

10 MR (positive input)

# ATTENUATOR

**TH to TL impedance** 100 kR/0.25 W **TL to TO impedance** 10 kR/1.0 W

#### Withstanding voltage

100 V

#### CHINA Beijing

Tel: [+86] (10) 6539 1166 Fax: [+86] (10) 6539 1778

CHINA Shanghai Tel: [+86] (21) 5109 5128 Fax: [+86] (21) 5150 6112 FINLAND Tel: [+358] (9) 2709 5541

Fax: [+358] (9) 804 2441 FRANCE

Tel: [+33] 1 60 79 96 00 Fax: [+33] 1 60 77 69 22

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#### GERMANY

Tel: [+49] 8131 2926-0 Fax: [+49] 8131 2926-130 **HONG KONG** Tel: [+852] 2832 7988

Fax: I+852l 2834 5364 INDIA Tel: I+91] (0) 80 4115 4501 Fax: I+91] (0) 80 4115 4502

JAPAN Tel: [+81] 3 3500 5591 Fax: [+81] 3 3500 5592

#### KOREA

Tel: [+82] (2) 3424 2719 Fax: [+82] (2) 3424 8620 SCANDINAVIA Tel: [+45] 9614 0045 Fax: [+45] 9614 0047 SPAIN

Tel: [+34] (91) 640 11 34 Fax: [+34] (91) 640 06 40 **UK Cambridge** 

Tel: [+44] (0) 1763 262277 Fax: [+44] (0) 1763 285353

www.aeroflex.com

info-test@aeroflex.com

#### **UK Stevenage**

Tel: (+44) (0) 1438 742200 Fax: (+44) (0) 1438 727601 Freephone: 0800 282388 **USA** Tel: (+11 (316) 522 4981 Fax: (+11 (316) 522 1360

Fax: [+1] (316) 522 1360 Toll Free: 800 835 2352





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